



3-27-1923

## The Chester News March 27, 1923

W. W. Pegram

Stewart L. Cassels

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# THE CHATTEAU

## Adjoining County News.

**Chief Cal Steele and wife of Great Falls, were in Yorkville yesterday on a visit to Mr. and Mrs. R. Steele.** John Moore Sandifer of North Carolina, after recuperating from an attack of influenza at his home in Yorkville, was taken to his home for some time. He was taken to the Federal Infirmary for an examination at Wednesday, and Mrs. J. Ernest Stroup and son, Master Charles, left Yorkville Tuesday evening for New York, where Master Charles will be treated by specialists. Mr. J. S. Mackorell of Yorkville, left yesterday evening for Lynchburg, Va., to be present at a debate that is to be featured at Randolph-Macon college, this evening. Members of the Virginia college and from Agnes Scott college, Decatur, Ga., and Sophie Newcomb college, New Orleans, are to be participants. Mrs. Mackorell's daughter, Miss Mary Howard Mackorell, is to be one of the debaters representing Randolph-Macon college. She is nursing a badly burned arm, that she sustained while trying to connect the exhaust pipe on her Ford car last Sunday. When almost in place the end of the pipe slipped, and Mr. Johnson got the benefit of the highly heated pipe coming in contact with his arm. The result being a badly burned forearm.

Mr. J. H. Jenkins, Jr., of Yorkville, was called to Rock Hill Wednesday morning because of the illness of his father, Mr. J. H. B. Jenkins, Sr. Mr. Jenkins, Sr., who had been up but a short time from an attack of flu, was attacked Sunday by blood poisoning and by Wednesday had become unconscious, but with but small hope for his recovery. All of the members of his family were summoned to his bedside, and the city council recently showed its appreciation of the splendid service of Mr. J. P. Faulkner, Yorkville's peace officer and ever vigilant fireman by increasing his salary from \$150 to \$200 a month. A neighboring town was after Mr. Jenkins a much higher salary, but he did not care to leave Yorkville. Two small children of the family were still in the hospital Tuesday afternoon, and three miles east of Yorkville. One of the boys, the property of Mrs. Lewis Jones, this was a three-gallon copper still, complete. The capture also included two tubs and a boiler. The other still named Lynch. This outfit was a "gallop officer" still complete. The tubs and boiler had been taken in this case. Both Jones and Lynch made good their escape. "Constable" John and party of Fort Mill officers were after the still. The still was burned, an alleged liquor runner, in Fort Mill township Wednesday afternoon. The officers were looking for it. It was reported that the still was coming through with about 40 gallons of booze and was on the lookout for him about four miles above Fort Mill.

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## 20 AUTOMOBILES BURN IN FIRE AT WADSWORTH

**Loss Estimated at Fifty Thousand Dollars. Partially Covered by Insurance.**

Wadsworth, N. C., March 23.—One of the most disastrous fires in the history of Wadsworth destroyed the brick building owned by Hamilton Brothers about 2 o'clock this morning. The building and its contents were a total loss. Twenty automobiles were destroyed, and the garage operated by Huntley and Baker.

The fire had gained such headway when it was discovered that the efforts of the fire company were without avail. The fire, which was caused by Hamilton Brothers was totally destroyed and also some small buildings which were situated near the Hamilton building. The loss will be about \$50,000, partly covered by insurance.

A negro by the name of "Eason" was captured today between Rockingham and Hamilton with a car loaded with stolen goods. He was taken to the jail in the garage last night. This car belonged to Robert Beaman, of this place. The negro is now in Arson county jail, and admits taking the car from Beaman's place. He is charged with stealing the building after.

The garage of the Black Motor Sales company was broken into sometime during the night, apparently by the same party.

## INCOME TAX RETURNS IN THE PALMETTO STATE

Columbia, S. C., March 23.—R. Bradley, in charge of the income tax division of the South Carolina tax commission, and his staff of assistants are busy engaged in tabulating the results of the March year. There was a large volume of returns, according to Mr. Bradley, that no reasonable basis for comparison with last year's figures could be made, except in the case of the close of the year for receiving returns.

Mr. Bradley said he believed the collections this year could be something of a barometer of the condition of the state in 1922 as compared with 1921. The first year for which the income tax was assessed, the revenue from this source was \$1,000,000. It was in round numbers a million dollars.

## FLAMES DESTROY BIG CUMBER MILL

**Beam's Plant Near Lugoff Goes Up in Smoke.**

Columbia, March 26th.—Beam's Cumber mill, located near Lugoff on the Seaboard Air Line, about twelve miles north of Columbia, was totally destroyed by fire yesterday afternoon. The fire raged for several hours and the neighborhood train was delayed one hour by the fire. The loss on buildings, machinery and lumber will approximate \$75,000.

The lumber plant was constructed along the tracks of the Seaboard Air Line. The fire started in the lumber pile and spread to the buildings. The fire was so intense that it was impossible to stop it. The plant was destroyed and the lumber pile was consumed.

I believe that God made us to work. I believe that he meant we should earn our living by the sweat of our brow. But I believe that He made us to love our work so much that we might play at it; find real and profound pleasure in it; and so labor on until tired out, we might sleep like little children at the end of each day.

—David Belasco

Of Interest To Farmers

A reader asks if blackstrap molasses can be fed with skimmed milk to pigs, or if it can be thinned with water and fed to pigs. Also asks if it is safe to feed molasses to pigs in molasses can be fed and balanced with tankage.

Blackstrap molasses may be fed with skimmed milk to pigs. It may be fed with water and tankage. It is doubtful if it will be found best to furnish all the carbohydrates from molasses. Some grain rich in carbohydrates, like corn or rice by products should be used to supply at least half of the carbohydrates. We do not believe skimmed milk and molasses alone will be found best. The ration, then, we suggest, is some ratio like the following:

Equal parts, by weight, of corn and molasses, giving about 1 pound of this mixture to 2 or 3 pounds of skimmed milk, preferably 3 pounds of skimmed milk.

If molasses and tankage are used, then we advise 4 parts each, by weight, of corn and molasses and 1 part of tankage.

Possibly a smaller proportion of molasses will be found better. For young pigs, one part of corn and one part of molasses, and one part of tankage. Or if skimmed milk is used, one part of corn and one part of molasses, and one part of tankage. This mixture to 2 or 3 pounds of skimmed milk, preferably 3 pounds of skimmed milk.

Many farmers feel the need and realize the value of a water supply system, but think that it is too expensive, not knowing that a simple, simple and inexpensive system can be had. Hot and cold running water in the farm home lightens housework, improves sanitary conditions, and adds to the comfort and health of the family.

The system described in the new circular has been used successfully in a number of the states (including Ohio, Missouri, Minnesota, and Ohio). It is a simple, simple and inexpensive system, described in an earlier circular put out by the college, and the article in detail in the circular. It is intended to be used either in a shallow well near the house, or in a deep well near the house.

Most of the articles needed in installing the system in the farm home can be bought from local purveyors and put in by the farmer himself. The total cost of the materials is about \$65.

Part of the article needed in installing the system, including the pump, boiler, water-back, three-way cock, the tank, and the disposal system, are described in detail in the circular. Directions for operating the system also are given in the circular. The materials needed for the installation of the system are described in the circular. The circular also contains a number of illustrations, one of which shows the plan of the entire system. The new publication, which is No. 129, may be obtained free by writing the College at Lexington.

**FOOLING THE PUBLIC.**

The young woman of Eganah who was supposed to be a physical phenomenon turning out to be merely a fraud.

Instead of lying in bed for a week with a temperature of 111° degrees Fahrenheit, she fooled the doctors by warming the clinical thermometer in between 99.5 and 100 degrees. Well, no harm was done. People who read about it in the newspapers probably disapproved, and disapproved of her. The temperature of the body is a vast and complicated subject for a layman to venture upon. The temperature of the human body in health averages 98.6° and 99° are within normal limits. The normal range is between 97.5 and 99° are within normal limits. The normal range is between 97.5 and 99° are within normal limits. The normal range is between 97.5 and 99° are within normal limits.

One of them, a man past 80 years of age, had sought the minister at his hotel, imploring piously "Am I too old? Am I too old to be saved?" But a noble family, this man was, in his day, one of the most powerful figures in South Carolina. He was a member of the legislature, and his brethren, lowered head and shoulders above others of his craft in the days when the Palmetto state was a young republic. He had been a private car for one of the thousands of thousands of dollars. He had been a private car for one of the thousands of thousands of dollars. He had been a private car for one of the thousands of thousands of dollars.

What the man from Texas told me is not revealed. But on Sunday the old gentleman went to the church to the Sabbath school, and he himself for baptism. And since, it is said, his old heart has been failing, he says the state of the old man, felt in his more than eighty years of life.

Yet another scene. At a Sunday afternoon service, the Rev. Dr. Truett was preaching to men alone, and had burned deep into the hearts of the hearers the terrible picture of the old man, felt in his more than eighty years of life.

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## REVIVAL IN GREENVILLE.

**Has Stirred City As Leading Editor, Aged Railroad Man and Others Come Under Influence.**

The following special dispatch from the Anderson Daily Tribune: Wonderful beautiful and marvelous portray the power of heaven to portray seven churches of Greenville on last Sunday. The scene was a most unusual one. A man of 70 years of age, who had been a private car for one of the thousands of thousands of dollars. He had been a private car for one of the thousands of thousands of dollars. He had been a private car for one of the thousands of thousands of dollars.

**SION UNCOVERED.**

**Bombs Shown Citizens from Arkansas Legislature in Investigation of the Railroad Strike at Harrison.**

Harrison, Ark., March 21.—Two dynamite bombs which he testified were found in railroad cars of the Missouri & North Arkansas railroad, were shown the members of the Arkansas legislature's committee on the railroad strike at Harrison. The bombs were shown to the committee on the railroad strike at Harrison. The bombs were shown to the committee on the railroad strike at Harrison. The bombs were shown to the committee on the railroad strike at Harrison.

**HEAVY DAMAGES AGAINST RAILWAY.**

**Widow Gets Verdict for Thirty-Six Thousand Five Hundred Dollars.**

Orangeburg, March 23.—A verdict of \$37,500 was awarded to the widow of the late C. C. Truett, a prominent citizen of Orangeburg, by the jury in the case of the Southern Railway company, in the court of the Orangeburg circuit judge. The verdict was awarded to the widow of the late C. C. Truett, a prominent citizen of Orangeburg, by the jury in the case of the Southern Railway company, in the court of the Orangeburg circuit judge. The verdict was awarded to the widow of the late C. C. Truett, a prominent citizen of Orangeburg, by the jury in the case of the Southern Railway company, in the court of the Orangeburg circuit judge.

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# The Chester News

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TUESDAY, MARCH 27.

## TOO MUCH REFORM.

Utah forbids smoking in public places. Some earnest reformers want to forbid smoking everywhere. A South Carolina legislator has introduced a bill to prohibit the playing of pool, even in a private home.

There is no limit to the regulations that good but shallow and intolerant people will insist on, when a reform wave is about to start.

Reform work calls for particularly intelligent discrimination. Reformers must be able to distinguish serious evils from trivial ones, and must be broadminded enough to make allowance for a moderate amount of pleasurable self-indulgence in other people.

Society cannot be made perfect by legislation. The old Puritans proved that. And it would be unfortunate if it were possible. People can be made perfect, if at all, only by the struggle of each soul for perfection against its own evil tendencies. No evil—no struggle for good!

The reformers should leave at least some petty vices to the good of our own souls—Sunder Item.

## President Lander College Dead.

Greenville, March 25.—Dr. John O. Wilson, president of Lander college, died at his home in Greenville shortly after 10 o'clock tonight, according to advice to relatives here.

Dr. Wilson, who had been seriously ill only since Tuesday, appeared much better throughout much of the day, but had been sinking only an hour or so before he died.

Dr. Wilson was born in the lower section of the State, but became identified with educational interests in this section in early life and upon the removal of Lander college from Williamston in 1905; he succeeded the founder, Dr. Samuel Lander, as president. Since that time Dr. Wilson had devoted practically his entire time to the school, finding time, however, to participate in various educational movements affecting his State and section.

READ THE NEWS \$2.00 A YEAR

## FREE MOVING PICTURE

On growing cotton under Boll Weevil conditions at Dreamland Theatre, Chester, S. C.  
THURSDAY, Mar. 29, 1923, 11:30 A. M.

This picture is shown by the Chiles-Nixate Committee of New York. It takes up thoroughly the proper fertilization and cultivation of cotton under the boll weevil. As many of the scenes were taken in this State it should be of interest to the residents of this section. It is absolutely free and all persons interested, in this important subject are urged to attend.

## Cotton Planting Seed

What Kind? **Cleveland Big Boll** Of Course

"We have about 2,000 bushels that are absolutely pure. We bought Separator and separated them ourselves, and we bought them from a party that was very particular with his seed, and we know that they are pure."

The Government recommends Cleveland Big Boll Cotton Seed, and when the Government recommends anything you can rest assured it is the best. See us before it is too late to get your planting seed.

You can't get a better combination than Swift's Fertilizer and Cleveland Big Boll Cotton Seed

The S. M. Jones Com'py.

## SOLICITOR HENRY BECOMES JUDGE

Chester Mills Takes Oath of Succession Has Not Yet Been Accepted by Governor McClellan Many Years' Service.

Columbia, March 25th.—J. K. Henry of Chester, for 27 years a member of the Sixth Judicial circuit, yesterday took the oath of office as judge of the Sixth circuit and will take up the duties of his new office immediately. Judge Henry was elected to the bench by the joint assembly early in the session, but since he was not called upon to take office before the general assembly adjourned, decided to remain in Columbia until he could take office before the general assembly.

Judge Henry's successor as solicitor of the Sixth circuit has not been named. Gov. Thomas G. McLeod, but the appointment is expected to be announced in a few days. The governor, having already reached his decision, he announced it, night.

Judge Henry was elected January 24 in a three-cornered race. Walter M. Dunlap of Rock Hill and Senator Glenn W. Bagdadi were his opponents. The election being reached on the 19th ballot. Both as a private citizen and as a public official Judge Henry has made an enviable record. In his years of service as solicitor having given him rank as the dean of the state's prosecuting attorneys. Before his selection as solicitor Judge Henry practiced law in Chester. He is a graduate of Emory college.

There was no pomp and pageantry about the ceremony yesterday afternoon, the constitutional oath being administered by Mr. J. McCaw, clerk of the supreme court. Judge Henry returned to Chester, where his resignation will meet him.

Though all have been congratulating Judge Henry upon his elevation to the highest judicial office in the state, he has not been without regret. The members, solicitors and clerks of the circuit, and the members of the bar, will be sorry to see Judge Henry leave the office.

Judge Henry's first court will open the first Monday in April.

## A VICIOUS COMPROMISE.

When the General Assembly convened, after a campaign and an election last year in which the necessity for tax reform was a paramount issue, it was naturally the thought of everybody that the legislative body would at once and earnestly tackle the problem and evolve an equitable measure. It was naturally the thought of everybody to put the matter more forcibly, that in the interval between the election and the convening of the Assembly, the men who had been elected, and who were expected to know what was expected of them, should deliberately set up the big problem—defer them, so that they might come

to their talk seasoned with study and prepared to act wisely. Many weeks have elapsed since the Assembly convened early in January. But during all the weeks there has never been a moment when any indication has come out of the Assembly that there was any serious effort to deal with the problem. Instead, there has been nothing to learn, except the interminable confusion, continued clashing of opinion, and an entire lack of leadership, and a complete lack of unanimity.

The sales tax measure, suddenly rising from the Senate floor, like a bolt from the blue sky to startle and appeal the entire State, is the inevitable result of this deplorable absence of any intelligent grasp of the tax problem in the Assembly.

This measure (whether it becomes law or not) is a palpable confession on the part of the Assembly that it either cannot, through incapacity or will not, because it lacks the courage, enact a sound and equitable tax law for the people of South Carolina. Every proposal that has been made that might have led to an honest assessment of property, which is the fundamental first step towards a reformation of the tax system, has been defeated for political reasons. The real vital interests of the people have been juggled with, and the closing days of the session find the tax system of the State in a worse mess than it was before.

No one is more appreciative that the Record is that the burden of taxation on the farms must be made as light as possible, but what good finally, will come to the farmer through a plan of tariff and that will so hamper and retard industry and business that they cannot thrive? No honest business man objects to assuming burden of taxation made necessary in order that the State may be profitable, but every honest business man cries out against the injustice of this. In the hands of half-baked and ill-considered measure that threatens his prosperity at its very source, and makes him the guest of the Assembly, which has not the courage to lack the capacity to enact a just and sound law.

News of the adoption of this measure by the Senate was daily published in the large Eastern daily newspapers under headlines that told the story to the world. It is probable that any business enterprise, not already hooked, will stray over the South Carolina state boundaries to thrust its head into the noose of a vicious law that taxes its gross income, whether its business is profitable or not. If such there be the managers of it, should be at once confined by the stockholders in some institution for the feeble-minded.—Columbia Record.

## The Value of Denominational Colleges.

By A. R. Probert.

The Education Commission of the Baptist State convention of South Carolina has gathered from the last annual report of the State Superintendent of Education some statistics that go to show the contribution that the private and the denominational colleges are making to the education of the youth of the State. It seems from these figures that the first worth of the State more teachers than are the institutions upon which it is lavishing its money in large measure.

Here are some of the comparative statistics. Last year 1851 certificates were issued to the graduates of Winthrop College, the State college for women, and 1667 to private colleges for women, a majority of for last year of 516. The State supports three colleges for men, and the graduates of these institutions

## Want Ad Column

FOR SALE—30 or 40 Hampshire, Rhode Island and Dorset pigs. Must be sold. Joe Fraser.

Notice to My Friends and Customers. I am now located at The Wherry Motor Co., and will be glad to have my friends call on me when in need of auto tips and auto trimmings. E. F. Lammie, formerly with W. F. Burdell, ex. Tulsa, Tex.

Room for Rent—Call 343J. T. F.

Fertilizers—Telegraph or telephone at our expense for prices on acid phosphate, fish, blood, tankage, nitrate of soda, kainit, manure salts, maric and sulphate of potash. Ammoniated goods any analysis. We can ship you mixed cars. Harby & Company, Incorporated, Sumter, S. C.

You Will Find a large supply of good grade manila second sheets at the Chester News office. Ask for good sheet for the price, letter size. Put up in packages of 500 sheets.

Baby Chicks—Fry S. C. White Leghorns, American strain, \$15 per 100; \$70 500; \$195 1,000. We use Backus' mampmoth incubators. Each every week. Live delivery guaranteed. Book orders now to get them when wanted. Creekside Farms, Clatskanie, S. C.

For Sale—100 tons nitrate soda for immediate shipment at \$52.50, f. o. b. cars Charleston, S. C. T. A. McManus, Chemist, S. C.

For Sale—Small wood cook stove. Phone 343J. T. F.

Furnished the State 372 teachers have the private colleges for men furnished 548, or a majority of 176 in favor of the latter. The total number of both sexes furnished by the private colleges to the teaching force of the public schools of the State is 692, and this without cost to the State in the way of preparation of equipment for the institution, these private and denominational institutions.

The article in which the above comparisons are made goes on to say:

"What would it mean to South Carolina, if these private and denominational institutions were suddenly closed? It would mean that two-fifths of our college students would be thrown out of college; that the teacher supply would be cut from 3717 to 1422; the State would lose income bonds for at least a million dollars to provide college facilities for the students who would be shut out of college opportunity in the State, if it undertook to provide for them at all. Some day our people will realize what a tremendous contribution these private and denominational institutions are making to the educational task of the State. All this simply refers to the material side of education, the side of the spirit, the moral and spiritual significance of this vast body of Christian institutions? Our education is safe only so long as it is democratic. It will remain democratic only so long as private and denominational institutions are encouraged to thrive side by side with the State supported institutions. This fact is worth considering."

## IT GIVES THEM A PAIN.

Work is the last thing that some people will do. They can talk, yes, but talk never moves them anywhere.

To look at some of the men and women that we know, you would think that there is something bad the matter with them. It is not sickness, however, but just plain laziness.

On any day in the week, in any town or city in this country, you can find a whole crowd that are not at work and who never worked any in their whole lives. The only way to move them on is take a keg of gun powder in a big charge of T. N. T. and blow the last one of them into kingdom come.

We are not talking of those who want to work, and cannot find a job. Such are few and far between. We refer to those who do not want to work, will not work, and they will work more than any devil hates help water.

We want to get this editorial next to the skin of those who were originally born, judging by their waste of life, and who never do, and have never done, one single hand of work to perform the work of the world. They are the ones who spend their time in criticizing the work of others, bewailing their bad luck, and sneering at others who have success, by hard work, of having robbed their sustenance from others. To all such let us pray, for heaven's sake, get a move on! Move on before you are brief alive, as dead ones pure money that get out of the class that will not work because it gives them a pain.—The Horry Herald.

## The Last Week

This week is your last opportunity to join our March Club membership. Join now and save the discount.

This is your chance to get your refrigerator, or furniture of any kind you need.

Call and let us explain the details of our March Club

## CLARK FURNITURE COMPANY

"Everything In Furniture"



## ROMANCE OF THE SANDHILLS.

The story of the Carolina peach is heralded in morning papers; the romance of the sand hills, however, is shown upon the silver screen. Through the medium of the film the world is to be told of the wonder of the Carolina midlands—a waste place that has become the playground of a nation—and dunes that have been made productive through the ingenuity of man. The famous Elberta of the land of Oglethorpe will become but a savory memory in comparison with the Red Skin of the Red Heel plains.

It is blossom time in the sandhills country. Thousands of acres of pink buds are waving their welcome to an all-enveloping sun. The stunted oak and scrubby vegetation of a former generation have given way before the coming of the horticulturists; Miles upon miles of well kept orchards have replaced the barren land that our forefathers knew, and Pinehurst and Southern Pines and Aberdeen have reached their heads from the desert of the Scotchman's paradise. The story of the sandhills country—a story as thrilling as the battle upon the battle of the great, the fecundity of a supposedly barren soil.

The Chamber of Commerce of Southern Pines, acting in conjunction with the two fruit growers' associations of the section, have hit upon the popular method of "telling the world" of the superiority of the North Carolina peach. There will be pictured with the planting of the first orchards the vicissitudes encountered by those who perfected and brought to the Nation the well flavored fruit of today. The various stages in the production of the peach will be shown—planting, spraying, pruning, picking, packing and shipping. The picture will be released as an educational feature throughout the country.

California with its grapes and its oranges, Florida with its citrus fruits; Georgia with its melons and its peaches, and the apples on the mountain slopes of Washington and Oregon became known to fame through judicious advertising. None of these have anything on North Carolina either in productivity, or scenic enjoyment. And now—the sons of North Carolina are going to shed from the hillsides the wonders of their native land. The romance of the sandhills peach is going to be told in moving pictures.

## Watch 'Em Grow.

Back in 1914, along about the time when your Uncle Sam was keen on the commission idea for keeping tabs on Big Business, "Little Business, and a lot of other things, one of his bright young men, named Wilson, slipped a note under his door one morning suggesting that he loosen up for a brand new commission that would "prevent unfair competition in business, collect facts about corporations engaged in interstate commerce and supervise export trade."

The old man hemmed and hawed and didn't do anything about it just then. But when, a few months later, another bright young man named Newlands, springing the same idea and kept pestering to have something done about it, he took the same rammed through his clothes and found, in a pocket of an old vest some loose change amounting to about \$15,000, which might be enough to keep the boys quiet for a little while. So he told the young men who were bothering for this story new commission to take that and see what they could do.

That was the beginning of the

Who is Swift & Company—

Perhaps you may think of Swift & Company as a one family affair. Many do.

It really consists of about 100,000 people, working together with a common aim.

45,000 of these own shares in the business. Over 50,000 of them are workers in Swift & Company. 16,000 of the workers are shareholders.

Pages 19, 20 and 21 of our 1923 year book, just published, bring out who and what Swift & Company is, in a way that helps you to understand all industry—how it operates, why it has to operate in that way.

And it tells of the organization that has made Swift's Premium Ham and Bacon, Brookfield Butter and Eggs, and Brookfield Sausage,—household words for excellence.



Send for a copy—FREE

Swift & Company 1923 Year Book  
Address: Swift & Company, Public Relations Dept., U. S. Yards, Chicago

Swift & Company, U. S. A.

A nation-wide organization owned by more than 45,000 shareholders







## BILLY SUNDAY SAYS:

Enthusiasm for God is like the measles and the small pox; it is catching.

People know what to do but they don't do it.

Don't pray and then cheat some body else in business.

Take some groans out of your prayers and put in some exclamations.

There are no difficulties to him that wills.

Let's of people know things, but they never use their knowledge.

If you want to get through the world without work go and hang yourself.

I don't believe a soul was ever won to Christ without the aid of a human agent.

If you have religion for God's sake pass it on.

The crying need today is for a leader who can lead.

Every time a lay man or woman looks toward heaven the angels glow the faces.

Some people never carry a ray but always have a hammer.

You can't saw wood with a hammer.

When a knocker starts down the street the devil locks the gates of

hell for fear he will get in.

Sister, anytime you think you can preach better than I can, hop to it.

Can't be the religious rones right hand bowen.

I hate people who say, "Doctor Sunday," "Blick the doc," it doesn't fit me.

If all the tombstones in the graveyard told the truth, the devil would be wearing mourning.

If people had pieces of glass over their hearts a lot of us would wash stained glass.

Wouldn't this city be a great place to live in if some people would die, get converted or move away.

You can't shine for God on Sunday and then be a London fog on Monday.

There is more power in a mother's hand than in a king's scepter.

The Bible says, "Forgive your debtors." The world says, "See them for their dough."

A prudent man won't swallow a potato bug, and then take Paris Green to kill it.

You are a fool when you turn your back on God.

I have no quarrel with Christian Scientists, but I have with the God forsaken doctrine they preach.

The only logical prayer of an evolutionist is, "Our Father Which

Art in a Cocoon Tree."

I'll put this old Bible against all other books.

There can't be anything nobler for you to do than to give time for the advancement of God's Kingdom.

I don't believe in teaching evolution in public schools and universities which are supported with the taxpayers' money.

If that rotten bunch want a university let them build one.

No man can be an evolutionist and a Christian.

I'd rather be an idiot than an infidel.

I like to play now again, though I am a man.

Don't play marbles for keeps on Sunday.

What you learn now, while you're young, you'll never forget.

The Lord don't like a boy that's late to go to church and first to go to a fight.

Every good thing was considered foolishness at one time.

Steam is a power only when you take hold of it. Take hold of religion.

You're up against it if you don't count on Bible any more than another book.

It's impossible to be saved without Jesus.

You might as well try to cross the Atlantic Ocean on a griddlestone drawn by a cockroach as expect to enjoy religion.

When the gospel of Christ is accepted, sin, crime and vice will banish like ice in a summer sea.

I don't have to understand how water has been created to be able to drink it.

Men go to the penitentiary and sell hell, while they follow their own opinions.

Use as much horse sense in your religion as you do in your business.

Some of "hymnology" and a lot of our "theology" is misleading.

Midnight on earth is mid-noon in hell.

I could build a stand in the middle of this platform and bring Jack Dempsey and Firpo here and sell 3,000 seats at \$300 a seat. I think Dempsey could knock the far out of the South American.

You can argue against the Bible, Heaven or Hell, but I challenge you, you can't argue against sin.

The man who lives in sin is a fool.

Old Sam Gompers didn't represent the American Federation of Labor by a hell of a sight.

It doesn't take the average boy and the average girl long to get on the wrong track these days.

Some fellows never say a pleasant word about their wives until they carve them on their tombstones.

It takes to help some old men here today in sin, but none of you are so deep in sin, there's no hope for you, but I'd like to help you boys.

MAKING JOKE OF MARRIAGE.

South Carolina boasts, justly or unjustly, of the fact that on her statute books there is no divorce law, and that alone of all the States can make this claim. In contrast, Louisiana will be able to make just as definitive a claim in the near future if a decision by the presiding judge of a New Orleans civil district court sets a precedent that is followed in the Creole State.

In brief, the decision is that if marriages are perfectly legal, and it was handed down on the ground that their marriage a year ago had been entered into with a stipulation that it was merely a year's test, and that it had turned out unsatisfactorily.

Couples may now marry and quit when they get ready, provided they have an understanding that it is to be a trial marriage before the ceremony takes place. Nothing more than an application to court by one of the contracting parties is required for the annulment, according to the court ruling.

After discussing the agreement in the case brought before him Judge Skinner pronounced his decision, and added, "Under the circumstances there is no reason why these two persons should not be allowed to follow their inclinations in another direction."

In the light of the theory that has gained wide popularity in recent years that marriage is merely a civil contract between two persons of opposite sexes, Judge Skinner's decision is beyond criticism. But, if the more orthodox view is taken, that marriage is a divine institution, his decision is a gross violation of the law that is higher than man's.

In all depends upon the individual point of view, and every person must judge for himself.—Columbia Record.



## YOUR PICK FOR EASTER

All the new styles in Hart Schaffner & Marx suits

\$25.00 to \$45.00

Take your choice; they are all here—new Nor-folks, sport suits; 2, 3 and 4 button sacks.

## Rodman-Brown Company

### PLANS TO COLLECT NEWEST REVENUE

Query Now Working Out Details of System. Tax Commission Empowered to Prescribe Regulations Governing Handling of Stamps.

Columbia, March 26.—Plans for collecting the sales and luxury taxes provided for by the recent session of the state legislature will be worked out between this date and May 1, when the new revenue law becomes operative, according to W. G. Query, chairman of the South Carolina tax commission, which is charged with enforcement of the law. It is estimated that the state will derive an annual revenue of about \$2,000,000 from the combined sales and luxury features of the measure. Before the legislature had given its final approval to the proposed revenue raising bill, Chairman Query had given the matter of carrying out the provisions thought, he said.

The new law provides for a stamp tax on bonds, stocks, promissory notes, conveyances, proxies, powers of attorney and sales or transfers of capital stock and other certificates of indebtedness, a levy of one-tenth of 1 per cent. on the gross business of manufacturing, plastic and mine and a luxury tax on tobacco products, admissions to amusements, amusement and candy selling above 50 cents a pound.

The state tax commission is empowered to prescribe regulations governing the affixing and cancellation of stamps, where the law provides for the use of stamps. A penalty of a fine not exceeding \$1,000 or imprisonment not exceeding five years, or both, is provided for attempts to defraud the state by removing stamps that have been used.

Penalties subject to the taxes not paid by stamps are required to make sworn returns to the tax commission on the 20th day of April, July, October and January of each year, accompanying the returns with

remittances in full for taxes due. The first return required by the law may be made by July 20 of this year and shall cover the period ending June 30.

Penalties are provided for failure to make returns. The tax commission is authorized to make a return for any delinquent taxpayer upon such information as "may be reasonably obtained" and to add a 10 per cent. penalty, and the taxpayer is made liable to a fine of not less than \$1,000 or imprisonment for not less than one year for failure to pay the tax required on or before the first day of the following month, but available by the date the law becomes operative.

an appellate body, consisting of the governor of the state, the members of the tax commission, the chairman of the senate finance committee and the chairman of the house ways and means committee, to adjust any discriminations that may appear with the law in operation. The appeal commission is empowered only to make reductions in taxes and cannot increase them.

The tax commission is authorized to make temporary provisions for collection of stamp taxes, in the event that the prescribed taxes are not available by the date the law becomes operative.

## DIRT—

Cannot be Removed by Brushing

because it is firmly embedded in the cloth. Our process removes all dirt and destroys the germs.

CHESTER LAUNDRY PHONE 5

## NOTICE

I will sell on April 7th, 1923, at ten o'clock, A. M., for cash to the highest bidder at public outcry, at Liberty Theatre, Eberhardt Building, Main Street, Chester, South Carolina, to satisfy a bond bill and debt due me, one moving picture machine No. 6 and some parts of another machine as the property of B. H. Bilbro.

March 27th, 1923.

Mrs. G. W. Ruff.

23-27.

## CONFEDERATE REUNION.

New Orleans, La. April 10-13, 1923.

SEABOARD announces special rates. Selling April 7, 8, 9, 10, limited April 30th. Stopovers allowed. For rates, Pullman reservations, etc. See nearest SEABOARD Ticket Agent or write

Frederick Olesner, Asst. Gen. Pass'g. Agt. S.A.L., Atlanta, Ga.

## FOR MAYOR.

The friends of Mr. J. B. Westbrook announce him as a candidate for the office of Mayor of Chester. Mr. Westbrook served us for two years as Mayor and has also acted as alderman. He is thoroughly familiar with the duties of the office and his past administration was an excellent one. He is economical in the spending of tax money, something now much desired.

## FOR MAYOR.

The friends of Mr. S. C. Carter wish to announce him as a candidate for the office of Mayor of Chester subject to the rules governing the approaching municipal election.

## FOR ALDERMAN WARD 1.

My friends, of Mr. Robert Gage wish to announce him as a candidate for Alderman in Ward 1, subject to the rules governing the approaching municipal election to be held the first Tuesday in May.

## Electric Bitters

Made a New Man of Him. I was suffering from pain in my stomach, head and back. I tried Dr. J. C. Alston, Raleigh, N. C., and my wife and I tried all the best doctors, but four bottles of Electric Bitters made me feel like a new man. PRICE 50 CTS. AT ALL DRUG STORES.

## "Slimy Taste"

"When I feel stupid, get constipated, or bilious, I take a good dose or two of Black-Draught and it sets me straight," writes Mr. George B. Haisley, of R. F. D. 2, Columbia, S. C. "It cleanses the liver and I feel all right, and have not used any other medicine as I do not see the need of it. I am a peasant at the State Infirmary, and have been for three or more years. When I first heard of

## BLACK-DRAUGHT

Liver Medicine

and the good medicine it was, I had been having a third feeling when I'd get up in the morning. I would be stiff and sore, and had a slimy, bad taste in my mouth, but didn't think so much of it till I began to feel stupid and didn't feel like eating—then I knew I needed medicine. It was then I began Black-Draught, and I felt all made over, ready for any kind of work, ready to eat and sleep. So, for my return of this trouble, I take Black-Draught, and for 25 years it has been my medicine, and I wouldn't be without it at all. My work is constant. I am on my feet a lot. I am out of doors, and fresh air and Black-Draught are all the medicines I need. I recommend it to others for I know it is good."

Sold Everywhere.

## A Chance for a DOLLAR!

Now is the time to put in your order for a Ford. We are selling them as fast as we can get them and the spring trade has not yet opened up. Place your order now so that you will be sure to get one.

REMEMBER—With every dollar you spend with us we give you a chance at the Ford car which we are going to give away. Absolutely free, on July 4th.

We give a free chance with every dollar spent for new cars, tires, repair work and parts, accessories; in fact everything we have to sell.

## GLENN ABELL MOTOR COMPANY

Ford—Fordson—Lincoln Sales and Service

## Hupmobile

No compromise of good designing or fine manufacturing is ever forced upon our engineers.

They are entirely free from the limitations they might meet if they were dependant for some vital parts on outside manufacturing sources.

## PEGRAM & CORNWELL

Chester, S. C. South Carolina